	Case 2:17-cr-00360-JJT Document 318 Filed 06/18/20 Page 1 of 72				
	CR-17-00360-PHX-JJT-1, March 3, 2020				
1	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT				
2	FOR THE DISTRICT OF ARIZONA				
3					
4					
5	United States of America,)				
6	Plaintiff,) vs.				
7) CR-17-00360-PHX-JJT-1 Abdul Khabir Wahid,				
8	Defendant.)				
9) March 3, 2020) 9:01 a.m.				
10)				
11					
12	BEFORE: THE HONORABLE JOHN J. TUCHI, JUDGE				
13	REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS				
14	SENTENCING				
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- ′ I					
18 19					
18 19					
18	Official Court Reporter:				
18 19 20	Elaine Cropper, RDR, CRR, CCP Sandra Day O'Connor U.S. Courthouse, Suite 312				
18 19 20 21	Elaine Cropper, RDR, CRR, CCP Sandra Day O'Connor U.S. Courthouse, Suite 312 401 West Washington Street, SPC 35 Phoenix, Arizona 85003-2151				
18 19 20 21	Elaine Cropper, RDR, CRR, CCP Sandra Day O'Connor U.S. Courthouse, Suite 312 401 West Washington Street, SPC 35 Phoenix, Arizona 85003-2151 (602) 322-7245/(fax) 602.322.7253				
18 19 20 21 22	Elaine Cropper, RDR, CRR, CCP Sandra Day O'Connor U.S. Courthouse, Suite 312 401 West Washington Street, SPC 35 Phoenix, Arizona 85003-2151				

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PROCEEDINGS

(Court was called to order by the courtroom deputy.)
(Defendant is present and in custody.)

(Proceedings begin at 9:01.)

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COURTROOM DEPUTY: This is criminal cse 17-360, United States of America v. Abdul Khabir Wahid, on for sentencing.

Counsel, please announce.

MS. BROOK: Good morning, Your Honor. Kristen Brook on behalf of the United States. Here as well, Joe Koehler and Special Agent Brittany Stephenson from the FBI.

THE COURT: All right. Good morning.

MR. MCBEE: Good morning, Your Honor. John McBee appearing on behalf of Mr. Wahid who is present and in custody.

THE COURT: Good morning, Mr. McBee.

Good morning, Mr. Wahid.

THE DEFENDANT: Good morning.

THE COURT: One housekeeping matter before we move forward. I understand the probation officer is not in the witness box because we will be having a witness as the sentencing proceeds this morning. In case I have questions and I want to have you on the microphone, Officer, I probably would rather have you over here. That will save us a couple of steps. The first thing that we need to take up is the filing that Mr. Wahid initiated on his own I think yesterday. It

United States District Court

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you wish to have the Court considering termination of Mr. McBee as your counsel and to move forward representing yourself or do you wish to withdraw the motion?

THE COURT: All right. Thank you, sir. Then I will consider the motion withdrawn and we will not have to rule on it.

There are a number of steps that remain this morning

09:02:57

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with regard to the sentencing hearing and the sentencing exercise and I understand that the Government wishes to present a witness and I think the logical point at which to do that is once the Court has proceeded through the calculation of the guidelines and -- because if I understand it correctly, the Government is presenting the witness, Dr. O'Steen, to counter the request for downward departure and so I'm going to establish the baseline first and then we will do that if appropriate.

So let me take us back in the ordinary course.

We are here today because after a bench trial upon waiver of Mr. Wahid's right to a jury trial, this Court found Mr. Wahid guilty of two counts, one was the 1001 count, the false statement, and the other was the 1512 count, the witness tampering.

09:04:12

Based on the Court's determination as set forth in the findings and conclusions and then amended, it is the judgment of the Court that the defendant is guilty of Title 18, violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1001. That is false statements to a Government official in this case during the course of a criminal investigation, and 18 USC, 1512 which is tampering with a witness. Those two incidents are co-related and occurred during the same investigation which is part of the reason that they are grouped for purposes of sentencing analysis. And it is the judgment of the Court that

United States District Court

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Mr. Wahid is guilty of both of those offenses.

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Once the determination had been made and the findings and conclusions were filed into the docket, the Probation

Office created and then filed and then disseminated to both parties and the Court a Presentence Investigation Report, which has since been amended as of February 26 due to some delays in this case and the Court's resolution of some motions and briefing which would have influenced it as well.

The current document is found at docket entry number 284. And, Mr. Wahid, this document contains all of the information that the Court knows about you and about the offenses of conviction.

Mr. McBee, have you had the opportunity, adequate opportunity, to go over this report with your client?

MR. MCBEE: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: And I have a couple of questions for you,

Mr. Wahid. Did you receive a copy of the presentence report?

DEFENDANT WAHID: Yes, I did.

THE COURT: And did you read it all?

DEFENDANT WAHID: Yes.

THE COURT: And did you have the opportunity when you were reading it or afterwards, to ask Mr. McBee any questions that you wanted to ask him about what it means?

DEFENDANT WAHID: Yes.

THE COURT: As a result of that, do you feel like you 09:06:22

United States District Court

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The Government took no position on that objection.

The Probation Office's response was to indicate that the information she placed in the report came directly from a Phoenix DR, police department report. So, therefore, to the extent that the information existed in the report, she

09:07:49

accurately reported it.

09:07:54

I would note that the characterization of this criminal activity in the past is both remote and minor enough that it does not impact the Court's consideration one way or the other. Nonetheless, the objection is properly overruled because the presentence report writer faithfully and accurately reported the information in the report, in the police report.

09:08:14

As to the second objection, the objection was to the 18-level enhancement that was applied here, for connection with or the underlying offense as alleged, and that was the false statement being in support of, or related to, an act of terrorism, international or domestic. And in this case, the Court made findings after the bench trial beyond a reasonable doubt that that application applied and so the objection is overruled.

09:08:37

Finally, with regard to the third objection in writing, defendant objected to the assertion, as he characterized it, in the presentence report that he's an ISIS supporter, the Court went back and read the presentence report on that point and the probation officer in her responses accurately characterized it. What she indicated was that he was associating with ISIS supporters and, again, the Court found that to be proven beyond a reasonable doubt that the two deceased men, Soofi and Simpson, were, in fact, ISIS supporters and it was also proven of the association so this is not a

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misstatement and so the objection is overruled.

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With those overruling of the objections, the Court will order the presentence report be adopted into the record in its current form. I will now go through the guideline calculations which come from that report and I ask the parties to follow along.

09:10:20

Because as I've indicated, both of the offenses of conviction were co-related in the same course of subject, the guidelines require that they be grouped for purposes of the calculation and they were. And the way that is done is to take first the 1001 offense and Section 2J1.2 of the guidelines tells us that the base offense level for that sentence is a 14. There is, as indicated previously, an 18-level upward adjustment when the offense -- and in particular, the allegation was connected to the 1001 offense, the false statement, is intended to promote terrorism. That is section 3A1.4 of the guidelines. Because the Court has found beyond a reasonable doubt that the Government has proven that intent, the 18 levels are added. And then there is a two-level upward adjustment for obstruction of justice which could be found either from the false statement to the Government investigators or the attempt to tamper with a witness.

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In any case, it's a single upward adjustment of two levels. When I do the arithmetic, it takes the offense level, final offense level, to a 34.

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Mr. Wahid's Criminal History Category, because what criminal history he had was quite aged, would have been a level I, the lowest. But, again, due to the operation of Section 3A1.4(b) of the guidelines and the Court's finding that the 1001 offense was intended to promote terrorism, the operation of the guidelines raises that to a Criminal History Category VI. And with an offense level of 34 and a Criminal History Category of VI, the following ranges of consequences are advised under the guidelines: Imprisonment of between 262 and 327 months, a supervised release term of one to three years after release, a fine of between \$17,500 and \$175,000 but only if the Court found that the defendant was able to pay such a fine and then ordered it, and then a special assessment of \$200, \$100 for each count of conviction.

Not withstanding that the parties have filed a great deal on the issue of the propriety of the range laid out, my question to the attorneys at the moment is, do you agree that the guidelines were properly calculated absent the operation of other statutory factors?

Mr. McBee?

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MR. MCBEE: That's correct.

THE COURT: And Ms. Brook?

MS. BROOK: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. Thank you.

There is no logical way to go through the remainder

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of issues here. We have several. I think probably the easiest way to do it, and to keep from tying at least some people up any longer than necessary, is to have Dr. O'Steen called, examined and cross-examined so that I have the information I need to rule on the motion for -- that one motion for downward departure pursuant to issues dealing with health and then I will serially go through the remaining issues.

Ms. Brook, if you would call your witness.

And, Mr. McBee and Mr. Wahid, if you would return to counsel table, we'll go ahead and do that.

MS. BROOK: Thank you, Your Honor. Your Honor, the Government is going to call Dr. John O'Steen. And as Your Honor had mentioned, the issues before the Court are 5H1.4, which is extraordinary physical impairment; 5C1.1, which was a physical condition or appearance; and 5H1.1, which is age, three different bases from which defendant is arguing a downward departure is appropriate and the Government's objecting.

THE COURT: Mr. O'Steen, if you would step forward to my court reporter, she'll swear you in. I'm sorry, to my courtroom deputy.

COURTROOM DEPUTY: Please state your name and spell your last name for the record.

THE WITNESS: John Thomas O'Steen, M.D. O-S-T-E-E-N.
COURTROOM DEPUTY: Raise your right hand.

United States District Court

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                        JOHN O'STEEN, M.D. - Direct
                (JOHN O'STEEN, M.D., a witness herein, was duly sworn
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                                                                          09:15:25
     or affirmed.)
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               MS. BROOK: Would you like a glass of water?
               May I?
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               THE COURT: You may.
                                                                          09:16:01
                             DIRECT EXAMINATION
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     BY MR. MCBEE:
          Good morning, Doctor.
 8
     Q.
9
     Α.
          Good morning.
          Could you please introduce yourself to the court?
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                                                                          09:16:15
11
         I'm John Thomas O'Steen, M.D.
          And how long have you been a doctor?
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     Q.
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          For 40 years.
     Α.
          Are you licensed here within the State of Arizona to
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     practice medicine?
                                                                          09:16:26
16
     Α.
          Yes, I am.
17
          And has that been for the last 40 years?
     Q.
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     Α.
          It's actually 39 because I did my internship in Mexico.
19
          Where are you employed?
     Q.
          At Central Arizona Florence Correctional Complex.
20
                                                                          09:16:38
     Α.
          And, Doctor, what is your assignment at that facility?
21
     Q.
          I'm the complex medical director.
22
     Α.
          As the medical director, do you oversee other doctors?
23
     Q.
          Yes.
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     Α.
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          And as the director, do you also treat patients at the
                                                                          09:16:53
                       United States District Court
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the doctor has identified his patient, the defendant?

20 BY MS. BROOK:

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- I have been there almost 17 years. 22
- And when I say CoreCivic, is that another term that is 23 used to describe the CAFCC? 24
 - Α. CoreCivic the is the corporation name. CoreCivic has

United States District Court

09:18:02

And under your care over the last two months, have you

United States District Court

09:20:07

helped him modify his treatment regime?

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Α.

Q.

Yes.

feels better. He made the comment that he was dragging when he first came over to see me and now he's feeling rather normal.

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Q.

Α.

difference with his viral load count?

His initial viral load was 6,000 copies per milliliter of blood. And after only a five weeks of treatment with Genroya, it dropped down to only 57 and that is very close to full suppression on the technical.

09:21:09

09:21:28

So the viral load count at present shows that he has an undetectable amount?

No, not that I'm aware. Α.

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Are you aware of whether or not he has presented with a rash?

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09:22:58

I have actually not seen the rash. I think he was referring to a cyst that he has on his buttocks area that he may feel is a rash. It's really a cystic mass.

And is that a secondary condition onset to his other

JOHN O'STEEN, M.D. - Direct

1 diagnosis?

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09:23:02

- A. No. It has nothing to do with HIV.
- Q. And for that cyst, with CoreCivic and also with the Bureau of Prisons, are there medical interventions that he has available to him for the treatment and care of the cyst?

09:23:17

- A. Yes.
- Q. Can you explain that?
- A. He's already been referred and seen by a general surgeon which occurred just in the past week or two. If necessary, felt to be necessary by the surgeon, it could be operated on. The surgeon deferred it for now because it's not actively draining and asked him to return promptly if it should start

09:23:30

- draining and asked him to return promptly if it should start draining again.
- Q. Are you familiar with whether or not Mr. Wahid has used hyper-chloric acid for treatment historically?

09:23:47

09:23:59

- 16 A. Yes.
 - Q. And to your knowledge, what was that hyper-chloric acid used to treat?
 - A. What he told me, and it's in the record, is that he was using it to treat this rash or cyst, not for treating his HIV.

Q. Other than the rash or the cyst, as you have referred to it, has he presented with any other physical impairments to your knowledge?

A. He had issues with a peripheral neuropathy in the past which is somewhat commonly seen in people with HIV and AIDS.

09:24:27

JOHN O'STEEN, M.D. - Direct

That seems to have improved with his initiation of treatment. He had an episode of pleuritic-like chest pain, inflammation of the lining of the lung, when I first saw him but that apparently has gone away as well with initiation of treatment.

So let's go back to that first condition, was that some Q. leg pain that he had suffered?

Α. Yes.

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- And that has gone away with treatment? Q.
- 9 Α. Yes.
- And additionally you mentioned pleurisy? 10 Q.

11 Α. Yes.

- Has he recently complained of any chest pain? 12 Q.
- No. 13 Α.
- Additionally, has he shown to have any fluid in his lungs? 14 Q.
- 15 Α. No.
- 16 Have there been chest x-rays conducted of him to determine Q. 17 whether or not there is a fluid in his lung?
- 18 Α. He's had three chest x-rays at our facility.
- And the results of those chest x-rays, have any of them 19 Q. 20 shown to have fluid in his lungs?
- 21 Α. No.

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- I want to talk about his over all physical condition. 22 Q. your assessment, how would you rate or describe his physical
- condition? 24
 - He seems to be rather fit for someone in his condition.

United States District Court

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- And so an AIDS-wasting scenario, can you describe what Q. that would be?
- It's really essentially anorectic. They lose their appetite much like a cancer patient and it usually occurs with advanced AIDS and they can severely waste away. I had mentioned to you we had one patient at our facility that went from 1 -- at the hospital, not inside our facility, went from

he improved or declined in his physical condition?

His various aches and pains have gone away, he's gained

United States District Court

09:28:21

He's improved significantly.

Can you describe that?

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Α.

Q.

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- Good morning, Doctor. Q.
- Good morning. 21 Α.
- What is the CD4 you were talking about a moment ago? 22 Q.
- Pardon? 23 Α.
- What is the CD4 you were mentioning? 24 Q.
- 25 Α. It's a white blood cell that's attacked by the HIV virus

United States District Court

09:29:28

JOHN O'STEEN, M.D. - Cross

and ultimately destroyed if the virus is not contained and controlled and it's necessary for fighting off various infections and cancers, the CD4 cell.

- Q. If the viral load goes down, does the CD4 go back up?
- A. Yes. There's -- sometimes there's a discordance between those two but it's rarely seen. Most of the time, particularly with our modern medications, CD4 or the load rapidly declines and the CD4 count increases.
- Q. Now, does that potentially lead to an infection?
- 10 A. Pardon?
- 11 Q. Could that lead to an infection?
- A. Well, as long as he has a CD4 count under 200, he's at risk. He is taking medications to prevent opportunistic infections now in addition to his HIV medication.
- Q. So he still has that opportunity of opportunistic infection?
- 17 A. Of course.

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Q. Doctor, is the care given inside the prison, is that equivalent to what somebody would find in the health care facility outside of prison?

A. We recently had an outside nephrologist claim that he felt our inmates were receiving better care than most people in the general public were and we provide exceptional care. You know, CAFCC in 2018 was voted the best correctional health care facility in the United States by NCCHC, so we do a good job

United States District Court

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JOHN O'STEEN, M.D. - Cross

there. 1 09:31:07 Other than anecdotally speaking with that other doctor, do 2 you know if the care is equivalent to or better than the care 3 that you would receive in the private sector? 4 5 I think many cases it's better. Α. 09:31:16 And when you say "in many," do you mean most or? 6 Q. 7 Α. Most. So in most cases you would say that prison health 8 Okay. Q. 9 care is better than --At least at our prison. I'm not talking about other 10 09:31:25 11 prisons such as Arizona Department of Corrections. Are you talking about the federal prison system in general 12 Q. 13 as well? You know, I've never had direct experience with the Bureau 14 15 of Prisons as far as working there. So I couldn't say with 09:31:38 16 certainty. I know what their protocols are because we have 17 access to those. 18 You mentioned a moment ago that CADC basically lets you do what you need to do in order to treat patients? 19 20 Α. Yes. 09:31:57 Do you mean in terms of giving them drugs or what do you 21 mean by that exactly? 22 Subspecialty consultations, hospitalizations, medications, 23 supplemental feeding if needed. We're really not restricted by 24

United States District Court

09:32:11

CoreCivic.

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09:32:50

09:33:07

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JOHN O'STEEN, M.D. - Cross

- Do you know if the federal Bureau of Prisons is? Q.
- I don't think they are restricted either. They can pretty much do whatever needs to be done.
- Do you know if they do that? Q.

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- 5 They even have their own prison hospitals where they Α. can take care of very seriously ill people. 6
 - Ο. So you're saying that you would know that the care in the federal Bureau of Prisons would be at least equivalent to what you do at CADC?
- No, I didn't say that. I said the actual care I've never 10 09:32:35 11 witnessed. I just know what their protocols are.
- So you're assuming if they follow protocols, then they 12 would have good care? 13
- And they don't have monetary concerns that cause 14 their care to be limited. 15
 - And that was going to be my next question. Do you know Q. how much it's going to cost the taxpayers per year for treatment like this?
 - The Genvoya that he's on currently costs \$3500 a month. Α.
- And are there other associated costs besides that one? 20
 - Well, he's take something other medications, too, to prevent opportunistic infections, but those are generic and the cost of those are not great. Lab work is somewhat costly. That has to be done on a regular basis.

Physician time is somewhat costly.

1	Q. Thank you, Doctor.	09:33:27			
2	MR. MCBEE: May I have just one moment, Your Honor?				
3	THE COURT: You may.				
4	(Defendant confers with counsel.)				
5	MR. MCBEE: No further questions.	09:33:41			
6	THE COURT: All right. Thank you, Mr. McBee.				
7	Ms. Brook, may the witness step down or do you have				
8	redirect?				
9	MS. BROOK: I have no further questions.				
10	THE COURT: All right. May the witness be excused?	09:33:50			
11	MS. BROOK: Yes.				
12	MR. MCBEE: Yes, Your Honor.				
13	THE COURT: All right. Dr. O'Steen, thank you. You				
14	may step down.				
15	THE WITNESS: Thank you.				
16	(Witness excused.)				
17	THE COURT: All right. Thank you, counsel. Does the				
18	Government have anything further to present with regard to this				
19	issue other than argument which we'll suspend for the moment?				
20	MS. BROOK: No, Your Honor.	09:34:15			
21	THE COURT: Thank you.				
22	MR. MCBEE: Your Honor, should we return to the				
23	lectern?				
24	THE COURT: Yes. I think that will facilitate moving				
25	things along.	09:34:38			

Before we heard from the witness, the Court had confirmed the judgment, gone through the guidelines, set forth

09:34:40

09:35:09

I will now begin to process through the issues. remains is to address departures and then address the evaluation of the 3553(a) factors.

09:35:36

sentencing hearing was continued was at the last sentencing hearing when Mr. Wahid was representing himself, was the homework that the Court gave the parties if they elected to brief the Court on the issue of what I perceived as an incongruency between the guideline calculations and a limiting factor of statutory max on the 1001 charge. The issue, if the parties will recall, is that the guidelines, properly calculated as this Court found them to be in the last instance and that the parties have agreed, the guideline here is 262 to 327 months. That is roughly 22 to 27 years.

As a starting point, one of the reasons that this

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But that the false statement charge has a statutory maximum of eight years and the Court found that the 18-level enhancement for being intended to promote terrorism was proven but it was only alleged and, therefore, only found to be proven as to the false statements charge and so there was a logical disconnect that the Court sought to have the parties argue and

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enlighten.

The Government took the opportunity to file a brief

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the calculations.

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The Government's position was that the enhancement

That would include witness tampering as well and the

for being terrorism-related applies to any obstruction-related

Court agrees that it is true that you start off under Section

witness tampering, but the issue that the Court continues to

indictment and then proven or at least the Court found proven

2J1.2, whether the conviction is for a false statement or

have is that the terrorism allegation was made in the

only as to the false statement charge.

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contents thereof.

charge.

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United States District Court

according to the Court's schedule and the Court appreciates the 09:37:07

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The argument is made in the Government's brief that in so finding that the terrorism allegation has been proven, it could apply to either charge.

I think that given that this enhancement of 18 levels is greater than the base offense level by itself, it is truly or would be the tail wagging the dog. In other words, having an outsized effect on the overall range and, therefore, would need to be proven as to the specific charge.

And so there the Court parts ways with the Government and I don't conclude that the application of the enhancement for 18 levels could be applied to the witness-tampering charge in this circumstance where it was not alleged in the indictment and not expressly found to be proven by the Court.

For that reason, the sentence on the false statement

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claim necessarily would be limited to 96 months, eight years.

I understand exactly why Officer Duran wrote the report and did the calculations the way she did. Again, the calculations themselves are correct. They are created, executed and formulated and then calculated in a vacuum that doesn't necessarily consider the application of statutory maximum up to a given case.

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And if the quideline calculation were done as to the witness-tampering charge without the enhancement, it would not yield a number like 166 which is what was given.

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Mr. Koehler?

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MR. KOEHLER: Your Honor, if I might be heard on that precise point. Section 1512 doesn't have the same enhancement that Section 1001 has. If the Government had only charged Mr. Wahid under Section 1512, so no 1001 charge at all, no terrorism enhancement at all, the same guideline would apply, the 2J quideline. The same cross-reference would apply. Government would have the burden under the quidelines and under the Ninth Circuit case law to prove that cross-reference by clear and convincing evidence and then that same cross-reference would apply if, in fact, we had done so. we would submit in this case that we did, in fact, prove the applicability of that cross-reference to Section 1512 even independently of the 1001 charge.

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THE COURT: All right. I don't think -- okay.

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don't think that anything you said is inconsistent with where I If my communication wasn't clear, I will say now that I agree with what you stated. The one thing I don't agree with is that because it was alleged in association -- the terrorism enhancement was alleged in association with the 1001 in the indictment only and because I expressly found the relationship to terrorism only with regard to 1001, it can't carry forward in this case. That is the Court's ruling on that point.

In some ways, however, while the Court feels it necessary to clarify this now, in some ways, the issue of statutory limitation and their effect here are mooted by the Government's own position which the Court credits, and that was that the Government's recommendation is a sentence of eight years on each claim to be served concurrently or at the same time and that would entirely obviate the concern, the legal concern, of limitation and the guidelines being at cross-purposes if the Court accepts that. And I will indicate that the Court does accept that position as rational.

I will next move on to the motions for departure and I would find that the defendant has not proven by a preponderance or otherwise that he qualifies for departures under 5H1.4 for extraordinary physical impairment or 5C1.1 for physical condition based not only on the testimony of Dr. O'Steen today but on the disclosure and submittal for the

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Court of several of the same underlying facts in the Government's brief prior.

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And Government would also find that the requested departure under Section 5H1.1 of the guidelines for age is not triggered here given that where Mr. Wahid is in his life and with health, he doesn't meet the qualifications for that departure.

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I think at this point, having streamlined what the remaining issues are, it is now appropriate for the Court to hear from the parties. I want to make a record that there were copious filings in this case pertaining to the sentencing issue which the Court considered, reviewed, internalized all of them and that includes several filings that Mr. Wahid made on his own even after Mr. McBee had been reappointed as counsel. Court didn't need to consider those because under ethical Rule 1.2, the client is responsible for the decisions involving the strategic objectives of the representation; that is, whether to go to trial or plead guilty, whether to testify at trial, whether to appeal if the result is not favorable, but that the attorney is specific for all tactical decisions to implement or seek the strategic objective that the client has identified and that includes things like filing motions or not, calling

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witnesses or not, asking certain questions or not.

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And so -- and I indicated this in an order, just to be clear, that once Mr. McBee was reappointed, the Court need

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not consider the filings that Mr. Wahid made because it is the 1 decision of the attorney to make those filings or not. 2 Nonetheless, given that Mr. Wahid had filed them and 3 may have been confused about it at the time, I went ahead and 4 5 read them and considered them and internalized all of them and they are part of this. 6 7 So in addition to the indictment, the amended findings of fact and conclusions of law, the presentence report 8 9 in its final form, all of the objections filed and all of the motion practice, I'm now ready to hear from the parties. 10 I would like to start with the defense. And 11 Mr. McBee, I will allow you to control the order of 12 presentation in case it's more than just you speaking. 13 MR. MCBEE: Thank you, Judge. If possible, I would 14 like some of the family members to speak first if that is 15 16 acceptable to the Court. 17 18 table, we can have them come forward. 19 20 21 your name for the record. 22 MS. HYMEN: My name is Yazmin Hymen. 23 24 25

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THE COURT: That's fine. And if you would like them to go first, then if you and Mr. Wahid would return to counsel

Good morning, ma'am, and welcome. If you want to step up to the lectern. And if you could start by telling us

Your Honor, I am writing this urge leniency in the sentence of my father. Not only is he my best friend but he is

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a good man with a good heart. He's kind and caring, person who puts everyone's needs before his own. If you need a place to stay to get back on your feet, my father will welcome you with open arms. He simply wants the best for everyone.

My father is also the one who stayed when my mother Even with the very little he had, he still managed to do left. the best and give us the world. For that I will be forever Therefore, losing my father would hurt a million times more, probably no different than the feeling from losing my sister in a car accident.

Locking my father up would force to us lose our home and separate the very few family I have. So, Your Honor, my father means no harm and I am begging you to take what I said into consideration. Thank you.

THE COURT: All right. Ms. Hymen, thank you.

MR. MCBEE: And, Your Honor, I would just like to make a quick record. Normally, most of his kids, if not all of his children, are able to come. They just weren't all able to make it today, but he does have good family support from those individuals.

In reference to the sentencing itself, from my perspective Your Honor, it's kind of challenging in the sense that I think this case is one of perception more than many and what do I mean by that? Well, if you have somebody, for example, who committed kidnapping or an aggravated assault or

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you go to trial and lose, your range is probably going to be

homicide and with a certain criminal history and how the act was committed, most people involved in the criminal justice system could say, "Your plea is probably going to end up in this range, " and be close within a couple of years. Or, "If

within this range."

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United States District Court

But when you talk about a situation like this, there's just not a lot of every day analogs. There's just not. That's what I mean when it comes down to perception, Your I know the Court has read many, many filings over the years on this case then it was -- and that was the most challenging part for me I think is to say something that I didn't think the Court was already aware of because I know the Court has reviewed so much and so much of it is duplicative.

But at the end of the day, Your Honor, I would implore the Court to really look at this case and I know you have, Your Honor, because we are talking about something that is on the same level, even if you're talking about eight years. You know, you find that frequently in home invasion cases, people who have been selling large amounts of drugs and usually have priors, in that case, unless it's a very large quantity of drugs and so forth.

It just seems incongruous that Mr. Wahid would do that kind of time for an offense like this. And, again, as an American, I know we hear the word "terrorism," we get terribly 09:49:25

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bristled at that because, obviously, this nation is the target

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of a lot of it. But on the other side of the equation, Judge, most of the things I have found, the person was at least similar to Mr. Wahid's situation, most of those individuals were much more involved in terrorism.

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In this case Mr. Wahid is sort of a tangential character. He was asked, you know, by some individuals to do them a favor and he did it and then he lied about it later and all of that is wrong. And then, you know, as basically advising another individual not to cooperate.

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But as I mentioned in my memo, Judge, this one to make sure that the plan came to fruition or they knew of the plan was hoping that it would be carried out, that he was actively seeking to, you know, siderail the investigation. think this is really much more of a situation that Mr. Wahid feels that Muslims in this country are kind of unfairly targeted and sometimes charges are brought up without having a lot of evidence. And so he has a certain fear of the Government, Judge, and I think more than any kind of terrorism ties, that's really what led his two offenses, Judge. He didn't want the other individual to get, you know, investigated for something that he felt nobody could do anything about at this juncture in terms of witness tampering.

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In terms of the false statement again I don't think he thought much of that envelope and I don't think he thought

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it had anything to do with terrorism and he just didn't feel the need to, you know, throw other individuals under the bus that has been killed already or -- or any individuals who might have had the envelope to be prosecuted. And, again, Judge, none of that is right but it gets back to the issue of perspective. When you talk about Mr. Wahid who, in all other details, just lived an ordinary life, lived with his children, helps raise his children, does what he can to get by on a daily basis.

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Again, as the Court is aware, there was a pretty big investigation into Mr. Wahid and they found no personal links to ISIS our ISIL or any of those kind of organizations where he was seeking to do harm.

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So, Judge, since he really -- again, the Court is fully aware of his crime. Since he lied about the envelope and then advised somebody not to come forward later, does that amount to the worst kind of conduct you can see in this case which would justify a max sentence? On the one hand, you could say of course because that's why they had the guideline so draconian; but on the other side of the equation, when you look at the individuals that I pointed out in my sentencing memorandum, I think all of those individuals were worse.

Those were all west side of the country cases. of course they took plea agreements. And, again, there would

be benefits or plea agreements. That's why it's in there.

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really when you look at a plea agreement you usually talk about four, maybe five the you're lucky departures downward for taking a plea which in Mr. Wahid's case would still lead to a fairly serious sentence, Judge. And that's why I point more to the Booker decision, Your Honor, because these things should be advisory because when you're talking about an 18-level enhancement, there should be a gatekeeper that says, well, maybe that just doesn't apply in this case factually.

And that's where I was -- really where I was going for things more than anything, because if you look at the facts of this case and Mr. Wahid as an individual, it just seems out of whack to implement eight years. And on a certain level, it's hard to articulate because, again, we all are in the criminal justice system so there's just something we know. When you do eight years ago there's a certain level baseline offenses you do to get eight years. And if it's somebody who has a negligible criminal history, it has to be something pretty serious.

Was this serious? Absolutely it was serious but, again, nobody was hurt as a result of his actions. Nobody got Nobody got maimed. Nobody got injured. And in fact, I think it's pure speculation that the investigation would have turned up anything else because I just don't think Mr. Wahid was involved in that level.

> So for those reasons, Your Honor, I would ask the United States District Court

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Court to take an objective look at this case and Mr. Wahid as an individual and really what he's done in context with the criminal justice system as a whole. Because if you add all of those things, 96 months of incarceration seems very steep. And really, even an area of five years is very steep. But, again, I recognize that it's one of perception and the Court is maybe But my overall objective this morning, Your Honor, is that we could talk about departures and we could talk about aggregating and mitigating factors; but at the end of the day, it boils down to how does each individual view Mr. Wahid's behavior? Because I think the charge itself is really what is driving this bus because it's not just his criminal history. It is what he's done but, again, the terrorist enhancement is pretty broad. And when you look at it in a sense that it can apply to somebody who is actually involved in terrorism or somebody who is just peripherally involved in it, it really seems like there should be a gatekeeper, again, Your Honor, and I think that's why the Booker decision is so important.

So as I note in my memorandum, my perception in this case is that it really doesn't call for any more than three or four years of incarceration at the max. It seems like the goals of the criminal justice system would be met. We're talking about a individual who has never been to prison before, never done anything substantially wrong before. Four years is a long time in prison for somebody who made a false statement

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defendant was aware as of May 6, 2015, when he first spoke to agents that the matter agents were investigating involved

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international terrorism.

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True, it did involve terrorism, but I was not aware that there was an ongoing investigation that involved international terrorism. Why? Because the FBI never mentioned that there was an ongoing investigation.

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Your Honor, point two, Your Honor, also on page five, lines four, 14 and 15, the Government states in relevant part, quote, this court found Wahid called and spoke to Ali at length 09:57:54 several times, including four telephone calls, unquote. Please note that -- please note this, Your Honor. The Government only played clips of what they wanted you to hear. They didn't play the actual entire phone calls where you will hear Ali Soofi dialing my number, calling me more than twice, because he was there inadvertently working with the FBI, recording our phone

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calls.

The entire phone calls can be found on Bates CD. way the Government portrays it, it is as if I went out of my way to call Ali Soofi.

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Once more, the truth lies within the Bates CD, recordings of Abdul Malik, Ali Soofi and myself. It can be heard on one of the Bates CDs, Ali Soofi telling Abdul Malik on the phone for Abdul Malik to take Ali Soofi's phone number and give to it me so I can call Ali Soofi. Initially, it was Ali

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Soofi reaching out to me, not the other way around. In fact, the first time I speak to Ali Soofi, it was him calling me. This is the truth. I have no reason to lie. The Bates CDs prove I am telling the truth.

Point three, moving along to the Government's sentencing memorandum, Your Honor, also on page three, lines 14 through 28, it shows a dialogue of the prosecutor and I. prosecutor is asking me questions about Elton Simpson and ISIS attacks. And I made it correctly, exactly, true, correct and right as to what I meant about knowing that Elton Simpson was an ISIS supporter in contrast to the prosecutor asking me questions on the stand about me knowing that Simpson was a supporter for ISIS was a great error on my part -- on my part.

Had I been paying close attention with how she was questioning and the entire contents of her questioning and not just focusing on the first half of her questioning and, therefore, not paying any attention to the second half of her questioning that all ended with ISIS attacks. In other words, I didn't pay any attention to her constantly referring to ISIS Had I paid attention to what she was asking me, I would have told her that I couldn't answer her with a "Yes" or "No" because, yes, I did not like him to encourage my son concerning jihad, but I did not know at the time that he was an ISIS supporter.

> Also, yes, he did ask me to join him in the attack on United States District Court

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a military base, but he didn't mention to me that it was in the name of ISIS.

The prosecution also goes as far as and says that I am paraphrasing -- I am paraphrasing what they state on May 6, 2015, before their period, that I knew that Elton Simpson's was an ISIS supporter. That is an untrue statement and inconsistent with the FBI May 6, 2015, transcript. Your Honor, if you read over the transcript, you will find a dialogue with the FBI and I discussing Elton Simpson asking me to join him in his attack on the military base. Please take note, Your Honor, I never ever mentioned that I was aware or knew that Elton Simpson was an ISIS supporter, nor did the FBI ask me about Elton Simpson having ties to ISIS, nor did Elton Simpson mention to me before May 6, 2015, that he was an ISIS supporter.

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Point four, also in the Government's sentencing memorandum where the prosecution states in part, quote, Wahid failed to alert law enforcement of the danger -- I'm sorry. Let me start over.

It says: Also in the Government's sentencing memorandum where the prosecution states in part, quote, Wahid failed to alert law enforcement of the danger Simpson and Soofi presented to the United States, unquote.

It's true I did not alert law enforcement with good Where I come from in Philadelphia, the rule of code is

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mind your own business. In other words, if something sinister is going down, you mind your own business or else something

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3 sinister could happen to you.

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This is something that is naturally passed down from generation to generation in the black community, something that some of the white race would not understand. In other words, look at it from my perspective. When Elton Simpson came to me with the idea, imagine how I felt? For one, I didn't really think he would do something so crazy. And at the same time, I felt a little leery and a bit frightened; and had I chose to tell law enforcement, I'm pretty sure he would have figured out

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it was me, since I was probably one of his few people he told

this -- he told in his circle of friends. 13

> I don't know who he knows or what connects he could have had and, therefore, if I alerted law enforcement, how would I know if he -- how would I know if he had my name put on some sort of hit list and had me killed or hurt my family? These are the reasons why I didn't think of calling law

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19 enforcement.

> And point five, and on page five of the Government's sentencing memorandum, on page five, lines two and four where the prosecution states: Wahid's crimes were motivated by his allegiance and commitment to his friend Elton Simpson, let me state this and make this very clear: I have no allegiance to no man, except Allah, who is my creator, who is not a man

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because he is my creator.

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Secondly, what good would allegiance mean to him? He is nonexistent; therefore, it's no benefit for him. Most important, Your Honor, how could the prosecutor say that I was an allegiance and committed to Elton Simpson? Clearly, if there was allegiance and a commitment to Mr. Simpson, then there should have been no problem with Mr. Simpson trying to influence my son to join his cause in jihad. I reiterate, the prosecution states that I have an allegiance and commitment to Elton Simpson, yet in their own pleading -- in fact, in their sentencing memorandum, page three, lines 14 through 22, the prosecution is asking me on the witness stand about Elton Simpson talking to my son about jihad or the fact that he was trying to influence my son and I started -- and I stated negative, I did not approve.

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This clearly proves that there was no allegiance or commitment to Elton Simpson because if I were in allegiance or committed to him, I would have approved of him speaking or influencing my son concerning jihad.

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Also, point six, also regarding my request for a downward departure, concerning 4A1.3, the prosecution states on page seven of the sentencing memorandum, lines one and two, the prosecution in part states, quote, Wahid offers no justification for this argument. Rather, he simply asserts that Section 3A1.4 overstates his criminal history placing him

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in a category VI.

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Therefore, I state my justification for a downward departure 4A1.3, that is by placing me into a category VI from a category I classifies me as a career offender and that a category VI would be equivalent to nine or ten felonies, which is something I've never committed in my life, which I feel is grossly unfair, and not just -- it also -- and not just that. It also creates fictitious felonies. The above reasons are my justification for the request of a downward departure for 4A1.3.

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It would be as if I shot someone, as one of them did, even though I was not par -- I was not -- even though I was not a participant in their group.

Also by accepting responsibility -- wait a minute. I skipped. Oh. I did. Sorry. So sorry. Hold on.

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I have to back up.

It says, point seven, now moving into accepting personal responsibility, my reason as to why I revoked my acceptance of personal responsibility, I will not accept responsibility because the prosecution wants me to accept responsibility per rule of Congress which is, if I committed the act myself -- which is as if I committed the act myself. This implies that I carried out the act of terrorism along with Elton Simpson and Nadir Soofi; and, therefore, it would be as if I shot someone as one of them did -- as one of them did,

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even though I was a participant in that group. I'm just going

in circles.

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It would be as if I shot someone as one of them did, even though I was -- what I'm trying to say is that, basically, because I kind of messed this when I was writing it. I was writing it pretty fast. What I was saying was that I feel that them asking me to accept responsibility would be as if, according to the Congress rule or law or something like that, where it states that it's as if I did the act myself, and that made me assume that it meant that it is as if I went out there and shot this guy in the leg along with the other two when they were out there in Texas. And I was nowhere near them.

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So that was one of the reasons why I wouldn't accept personal responsibility.

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I am also agreeing that I shouldn't be placed in a category VI -- hold on.

I'm going to skip that part. Basically, the U.S. is asking me to lie on myself in the name of justice. To me, that doesn't sound like justice. That sounds like insanity. If I'm wrong, then I apologize. However, I will not lie on myself for the sake of justice.

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Also, point eight, also in the prosecution's sentencing memorandum, or memorandum regarding potential imposition of consecutive sentences, it was stated by the prosecution that my behavior by filing motions in my defense

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was obstructive. If this is the place as to where the U.S. justice system is, then why bother having trials and court?

Just simply snatch people up and lock them up in the name of the United States.

can be.

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The last time I checked, I thought I had a right to stand up and at least halfway try and defend myself according to the U.S. Constitution, especially if I feel injustice is being done to me. So I guess according to U.S. Attorney, if you try to defend yourself or don't agree with the judge's decision or you don't agree with the prosecution, you are, therefore, undermining authority and jurisdiction and being disrespectful to the U.S. Government.

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So, basically, the prosecution is implying that I should be respectful and be silent and not stand up for myself while the U.S. Government tramples all over my character and labels me in the worst way possible. To be honest, Your Honor, that doesn't sound like justice and fairness to me. It sounds

like the U.S. Government is being oppressive simply because it

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I will say this: I am sincerely apologetic for any harm or wrong I may have caused by lying, by omission, and the fact that I may have tampered with a witness unknowingly. With the false statement, I truly believed I was protecting a friend from being scrutinized by the FBI. I didn't see or understand the bigger picture that was seen by the Government with my

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actions.

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And as far as the tampering with a witness, once more, I truly believe that I was helping a friend who portrayed or pretended to act as if he was scared and didn't know how he was going to deal with the FBI. It was never my intention that he should lie to them. I was simply trying to encourage him that if he didn't want to talk them, he didn't have to.

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I paid no attention that he was a witness because I did not understand that he was a witness for the Government, which is something he never told me.

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Also, Your Honor, the theory of the Government's terrorist enhancement, even though it has enhancement on the false statement, it appears to me that the Government has its own theory as to how it's justified that the terrorist enhancement also applies to the tampering with the witness.

What I notice is that legally, there is no lone laws on the books such as the United States Code or Code of Federal Regulations that gives the prosecution a right to enhance tampering with a witness, considering there was no threat, no injury or death to the witness, yet somehow they are requesting that the judge sentence me to eight years for this charge.

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Your Honor, as far as my health is concerned, like I told you, I spoke with Dr. O'Steen and he did, in fact, educate me with the right -- he did educate me that with the right antiretrovirals, my viral level will decrease. However, it

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will take at least three months for my T cells to increase up to 200. Even though my viral load is decreasing, the fact remains since my CD4 is still low, I am susceptible for opportunistic infections. This is the reason why I requested home detention.

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I would like to say -- I would like to say as what my attorney stated in the sentencing memorandum in the case of the United States District Court v. Akram Musa Abadallah received only 18 months from a judge from this very court for the same offense I am being charged with, which is false statement, except his level of degree concerning this charge was much more serious than my statement. The fact that he was giving material support to a terrorist organization whereas no such thing happened in my case with the same charge, but yet the prosecution is requesting that I receive eight years.

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Your Honor, as I stated before, I am not a terrorist and I don't aspire to be one. Why, I don't even own a gun. I am just a typical, average American who is dad with his children living with him. I am very close to my children and that's -- I'm very close to my children -- I'm very close to my children and that's all I have time for, devoting, concentrating on working and taking care of my children, making sure they will eventually get out into the world with the tools they need on how to protect and take care of themselves so they can become productive members of society. Therefore, I don't

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have time for the terror nonsense. That prosecution -- I don't 10:12:40 have time for the terror nonsense that the prosecution is so desperately trying to portray me as.

I am still asking for leniency, Your Honor.

Therefore, I am still asking for home detention or probation.

Also, it's true my attorney requested 36 months. However,

based off the United States v. Akram Musa Abdallah, who

received 18 months, considering the level of his false

statement was more heinous than mine, I also feel that there

would be a harm -- it would not be a harm in you giving me a

lesser sentence than what Akram Musa Abdallah received, which

is 12 months, and also included six months that I have been

incarcerated as time served.

If you don't feel that I deserve home detention or probation, then I feel -- then I implore you to please send me to Black Canyon prison. That way it would create -- would it not create a hardship for my children to come see me. I am asking you this, Your Honor, because my children are my life and not being able to see them would definitely spiral me into a deep depression.

Without seeing my children, I might as well -- No. I'm all right (to his attorney).

Without seeing my children, I might as well not be alive or have a life. Sorry.

THE COURT: All right. Thank you, Mr. Wahid.

Ms. Brook?

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MS. BROOK: Your Honor, I have a number of things to Would Your Honor mind if I addressed it at the podium?

THE COURT: If you would like to, that's fine. I'll ask Mr. Wahid and Mr. McBee to return to counsel table.

MS. BROOK: Your Honor, before I begin, I'm wondering the Court reporter could read back something that the defendant just stated.

I'll incorporate that later then. I wasn't sure if that was something we could do.

Your Honor, the Government, as we have stated in our filings before the Court, is requesting a sentence of no less than eight years. There have a number of filings before Your You sat before and presided over the trial in this case. You're well aware of the facts. I'm going to tailor my comments specifically to the application of 3553(a) factors, the terrorism enhancement.

And before I begin, I want to come back and discuss the two remaining downward departures that defendant has made before the Court and had brought in argument.

The first, Your Honor, is that of family ties or family responsibilities. As set forth in our sentencing motion, the defendant has three adult children. In the PSR under paragraph 47 it states clearly where each of those three

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children are employed, and they are employed in positions where they are receiving full-time work and full-time pay. So with that, there is not a circumstance that rises to the level of a family ties downward departure such that his family or his children need him for financial support.

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Additionally, the defendant made a motion for minimal role and aberrant behavior and I want to be clear. As Your Honor is well aware, this is not an instance of a one-time lapse in judgment. This is not an instance of an individual who was otherwise leading a law-abiding life and in one moment made a bad choice.

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The defendant, over a course of months, engaged in premeditated, deliberate obstructionist behavior. That behavior not only obstructed a terrorism investigation, kept evidentiary from the FBI, it also obstructed, attempted to obstruct testimony and information related to a critical witness coming forward with information.

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So aberrant behavior is not applicable in this particular case because we have a course and scheme of conduct; and, additionally, minimal role, he's the only participant.

That, too, is not available.

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Your Honor, before I delve more into some 3553 factors, I want to discuss the issue of parity which was brought before the Court in defense counsel's filing last Thursday. This area of law is not one that is rich with case

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law examples. It's not a dense field. But defense counsel has cited four cases. Those four cases, when we look at them more closely, are instructive in this case that the defendant deserves a sentence of at least eight years.

And I want to walk through those a little bit. There are -- there is a case here, it's the Abdallah case, Akram Abdallah. He pled. And when he pled guilty, so did the other three cases that were cited by defense. And just to be clear, with the four cases total that were cited by the defendant, none of those cases involved obstructing an ongoing terrorism investigation in the aftermath of a terroristic attack. None of those cases cited involved a lie to the FBI about evidence in that terrorism investigation. And none of the cases cited by the defendant involved tampering with a witness in a terrorism investigation and a witness that was later a witness in a material support charge.

All four of those cases cited by the defendant were individuals who pled. Two of them, the Arizona case, Akram Abdallah, as well as the Montana case, Fabjan Alameti, when they pled, they were subject to a different sentencing guideline than that which is applicable today, so both of their guideline calculations were 46 to 57 months. The Montana case, Fabjan Alameti, pled guilty and was sentenced to the maximum under the sentencing regime which was 57 months.

There's a case out of San Diego cited by the

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defendant which is also instructive. This individual was not charged with material support. It was a false statement with a terrorism enhancement. He pled guilty to a stipulated 96 months. Again, his conduct were lies, amongst others, was whether or not he knew ISIS supporters. The conduct there received the sentence of eight years. And the Government here, too, is asking for a sentence of no less than eight years for conduct that is much more egregious. We were in the midst of a terrorism investigation as the Court knows.

Additionally, Jonathan Paul Jimenez, he was sentenced 10:19:35 to 120 months. And when reading the transcript of sentencing, it's clear that the Court said there were two counts from which he was found quilty. One was tax fraud. The other was a 1001 with a terrorism enhancement. The Court found a sentence of 120 months to be appropriate and said it didn't matter to which 10:19:52 count, Count 1 or Count 2, that he applied the 96-month sentence but he applied it to Count 1. Count 2 was sentenced to 24 months for them to run consecutively for a sentence of

120 months.

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At the end of the day, Your Honor, when it comes to parity, the conduct by the defendant, as Your Honor is aware, is different. It's unique. It's not just a lie to the FBI. This was a lie to the FBI that was perpetuated over a period time with systematic engaged conduct that was perpetuated by the defendant in the midst of a terrorism investigation and the

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obstruction of a witness in that terrorism investigation as well.

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To go back to the 3553 factors, I want to touch upon briefly the nature and circumstances of this offense. Wahid obstructed a terrorism investigations. It was into an attempted mass murder to provide support to ISIS. In the hours after that attempted mass murder, he boldly and repeatedly lied to the FBI. He decided that he would be the arbiter of information that was given to the FBI. He substituted his own judgment for that of the FBI in determining what they should know and when they should know it, who they should go and talk to, where the investigation should go. He lied and he tried to get Ali Soofi to do the same.

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The nature and the circumstances of this crime are severe and they are significant. Additionally, I want to talk about general deterrence. Intentional deception, as we were just talking about, is, at its very core, about general

deterrence as articulated by the Sentencing Commission when

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they enacted the sentencing enhancement.

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The purpose of the terrorism enhancement is to provide a message to the community that in these scenarios, just like the defendant found himself, that conduct like the defendant engaged in is so significant and so serious, we have to send a message to the public in order to promote respect for the law and to deter this type of conduct, that the sentence

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needs to be significant and it needs to be serious.

As the Court found in this particular case, the defendant's conduct prevented the recovery of evidence that was related to the investigation in the aftermath of this terrorist attack.

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Additionally, under the 3553, Your Honor, specific deterrence for this defendant is critical. And it is a very important 3553 factor. Wahid failed to alert law enforcement to the danger of Simpson and Soofi even after he knew that he had been invited by Simpson to participate in an armed attack on a U.S. military base. He got up here just a few moments ago and denied that, said he didn't understand it. He didn't know the questions as he was multiple times asked not only on the stand but also previously about this.

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Your Honor, we put this excerpt into our sentencing motion but I just want to highlight. So this is page 391 of the transcript when Mr. Wahid was under oath and on the stand he was asked in regards to Simpson showing up to talk to his son:

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You were angry about that. Question. You were angry about that because you didn't like the idea of Simpson talking to your son Waseem without you there? His answer: Correct.

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Question: And that frustrated you because you knew that Simpson was obsessed with violent jihad?

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Exactly. His answer. 1 You didn't want Simpson putting ideas into your son's 2 head about violent ISIS attacks? 3 This is true. 4 5 And you knew that because Simpson, just months before, had asked you to partake in an ISIS attack 6 7 with him; right? 8 Correct, he responded. 9 He asked you to, with guns, go in and attack a military base; correct? 10 11 Mr. Wahid responded: Right. These questions weren't confusing and the defendant 12 now is engaging in revisionist history about what he knew or 13 didn't know. The primary concern is not only that he has 14 changed his position on these facts which were crystal clear 15 previously but that he is not taking responsibility for that 16 17 which he did, that which he knew, and that creates a concern for specific deterrence. 18 Additionally, Wahid, when he spoke before, tried to 19 cast blame and said, "Ali is the one that contacted me." 20 know from the record at trial that that is absolutely not true. 21 Government's Exhibit Number 76, Kareem, who was with Wahid at 22 the time -- that's Abdul Malik Abdul Kareem -- was with Wahid, 23 was the first to call Ali the night of the attack, at 11:58 24

United States District Court

a.m. And then the next day, this is Government admitted trial

Exhibit Number 77, Wahid texted Abdul Malik Abdul Kareem:

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Would you send me the dang number already? And then roughly 20 minutes later, they talk on the phone and then he texts, Kareem texts to Wahid Ali's phone number. And then Wahid messages back to Kareem: Right on, with a smiley face. In that exact

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same minute Wahid called Ali.

Your Honor, just a couple more notes. As has been articulated through the testimony here today and filings, it is through the defendant's care and treatment at CoreCivic and in the future at the Bureau of Prisons that he will receive extraordinary care in the sense that he will receive medication, costly medication, but medication to which he is entitled, the same medication which the Government would be paying for regardless of whether or not he was in or out because he is on disability.

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And by nature of the fact that he's now taking medication, he recognizes that through treatment and care, he can live a long and healthy life.

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The Government's hope for the defendant is that through the course of the sentencing in this case that the court exercises a verdict upon him that will deter him specifically; that will resonate with him that the crime he has committed is serious; and it will correct and adequately deter him from criminal conduct in the future.

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The Government asks for a sentence of no less than

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eight years to find a just punishment for this defendant for his lying, his obstruction, and witness tampering in the midst of a terrorism investigation and the aftermath of an attempted mass murder to support ISIS.

Thank you.

THE COURT: All right. Thank you, Ms. Brook.

All right. Thank you for returning to the lectern.

As a way forward, I think the way that I'm going to do this is to address the outstanding requests for downward departures, in other words, address the guideline issues first and then once the guideline issues have all been exhaustively addressed, moving to the 3553(a) factors which would be the ordinary course in a sentencing although not as involved as it is in this case.

I do still have the outstanding issues for minimal role and I agree with the Government on that point that there can't be a minimal role in an offense that is conducted entirely by one individual, nor do -- and so that request will be denied as will be the request for a downward departure based on aberrant behavior because it was -- the conduct of conviction consisted of more than one offense, that while all related, took place with time in between to reevaluate and abandon a course of conduct and that didn't happen.

With regard to the request for a downward departure for overrepresentation of Criminal History Category, I will

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deny that request as well because the upward adjustment under the guidelines to a Criminal History Category VI is mandated

once the Court makes the finding that it did.

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To the extent that that bump from a Criminal History Category I to a Criminal History Category VI and all that it implies is outsized or the Court concludes it to be outsized that can be addressed in a variance, which variance I think may well be necessary in this case even if I accept the Government's position that no less than eight years is an appropriate sentence, because there's still a lot of distance between a range of 262 to 327 months down to a sentence of 96 or more months. So that addresses the guideline issues.

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Once the guidelines have been correctly calculated,

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sentencing factors that are listed exhaustively in Title 18 of

the law mandates that the Court move on to consider the

the United States Code, Section 3553(a). I would note that the

briefing by both Ms. Brook and Mr. Koehler on the one side and

Mr. McBee's sentencing memorandum on the other efficiently and

squarely took on all of the issues that the Court has been

thinking about in this case and the lawyers are to be commended 10:30:58

because they did not waste time and they brought to the fore

all of the issues in favor of each party that the Court

necessarily needs to consider when evaluating.

The 3553(a) factors, Ms. Brook --

MS. BROOK: Your Honor, I'm sorry for the

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interruption. Did the Court make a finding on 5H1.6 which is family ties and responsibilities?

THE COURT: I thought I did previously. If I didn't make that expressly for the reasons that the Government mentioned, both in its brief and then Ms. Brook just presented to the Court, the defendant does not qualify for the downward departure under family ties given the situation of his family now or I should say responsibilities.

Regarding the 3553(a) factors, there are, depending on how you count them, seven or eight, the Court has to consider all of them and then balance them to determine what the appropriate sentence is in the case.

effect in this case include the nature of the offense and the quantum of the harm, number one. Number two, the individual history and characteristics of the defendant, number two.

Number three, the need to protect the community from future acts such as this by the defendant or by others who would see what happened here and how the Court resolved it, which I will shorthand as deterrence, both specific and general; and the need for similarly situated defendants who commit similar offenses under similar circumstances to receive similar consideration or consequence from the Court, what Ms. Brook referred to as parity and what I look to more broadly as consistency and fairness.

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With regard to the first factor, the nature of the offense or offenses of conviction here, tied as they are, the Court will not understate or underestimate the seriousness of the offense. It would be grossly inaccurate to characterize the offense as nothing more than, on the one hand, a misstatement or lie to agents of the FBI and an attempt to, on the other hand, an attempt to get someone not to speak to those

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officers or not to speak the truth to those officers.

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The context which is recognized in the -- both the offense and in the enhancing factor, is that this was a misstatement and an attempt to get someone else not to talk or misstate in the process of a federal criminal investigation of the gravest importance and significance. An attack in service of a foreign and international terroristic organization that, if successful, would result in the loss of life and just by its existence, whether successful or not, would result in striking fear and uncertainty into the public about their safety at

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home.

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investigation and the nature of the existence of that investigation, a misstatement, a lie, an attempt to get someone not to speak has the potential for immediate effects that could cascade into a lot more harm, a lot more loss. It is unknown at the time the lie is told or the person is persuaded not to

Because of the nature of the existence of the

United States District Court

speak what those consequences will be and that is the

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particular danger here.

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Even if the Bureau was delayed for an hour or a day in following assets, they and we will never know what information was lost, what other harm could have been prevented.

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It is proven, and the Court so found in writing, that Mr. Wahid committed these two offenses and that he committed them knowing something about the people involved, what their sympathies were, what one of their past intentions was. It has not been proven, nor did it need to be proven, that Mr. Wahid intended for them to succeed. And the Court takes that into account as well. The gravity of the harm is thereby proof of the elements of the offense itself regardless of what he intended.

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With regard to the second factor, the individual history and characteristics of the defendant, the Court has before it an individual that has some criminal history, although nothing like this and nothing violent and all of it quite old. The defendant has made some statements during the course of this matter, particularly when he was representing himself on his own election, that could suggest hostilities, recalcitrance and other things, but they also could be something else and they also could reflect lack of legal training, lack of understanding how to breach issues and lack of how to contest evidence put on by the opponent. And so the

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Court puts no weight on any of those statements that Mr. Wahid may have made in the course of executing his own defense, conducting his own defense.

With regard to the third factor, deterrence, both specific and general, the Court still has a bit of the question 10:39:12 on the issue of specific deterrence, in other words, it is not as confident as the Government counsel is that a large sentence is necessary to specifically deter this defendant from ever doing something like this again based on lack of criminal history, lack of recent criminal history, new indication of a propensity towards violence, family situation and other things.

With regard to general deterrence and somewhat tied to the issue of the seriousness of the offense itself, the Court does conclude that the sentence must reflect the possible consequences of doing something like this to anybody else who is contemplating lying to a federal investigative agency in the course of an investigation like this where the stakes are so high and the potential for harm is so outsized. And so that factor at least militates towards a more serious sentence.

Finally, the fourth factor that the Court views as having an outsized impact on the balance here is the parity factor as referred to treating similarly situated defendants who do similar things under similar circumstances similarly.

And I will agree with counsel for both Government and defendant that this is not a situation that comes up so often

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that there is a ready catalog of similar situations.

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In the Court's view, Ms. Brook did a nice job and a credible job and a persuasive job of highlighting those differences where they mattered. The difference in the context in which the offenses that were laid out by Mr. McBee were different from here.

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Mr. McBee also did a credible and persuasive job how the overall impact of these cases and how they have been treated and presenting a range of reasonable outcomes, if favorable to a defendant, some unfavorable to a defendant, and in that range established credibility.

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When I evaluate all of the factors, including the four that I've highlighted and the remaining three, and do my best to balance them, given where this process started, first of all, I conclude that a sentence of more than eight years is problematic for the reasons that I stated before. conclude that something slightly less than that eight years is justified by a balancing of those 3553(a) factors. to impose a sentence of 67 months in this case because I find that that sentence is sufficient, but not greater than necessary, to recognize and balance in their appropriate weights all of those factors focusing on the gravity of the harm and the need for general deterrence at least, but accounting for what comparable sentences and comparable situations are out there that the Court can evaluate and then

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count or discount, based on similarity, and accounting for the individual history and characteristics of Mr. Wahid which factor by itself weighs in his favor.

Pursuant to the Sentencing Reform Act of 1984, it is the judgment of the Court that Abdul Khabir Wahid is hereby committed to the Bureau of Prisons for an imprisonment term of 67 months with credit for time served. This consists of 67 months on Count 1 and 67 months on Count 2, terms to run concurrently.

In so doing, the Court grants a downward variance. The defendant shall pay a special assessment of \$200 which will be due while in custody according to a schedule I'll lay out momentarily, but I find he does not have the ability to pay a criminal fine and I order that fine to be waived. That \$200 will be due at a rate of not less than \$25 per quarter, payments to be made through the Bureau of Prisons' Inmate Financial Responsibility Program.

And then upon release from imprisonment, the defendant shall be placed on supervised release for three years. That term consists of 36 months on Count 1, 36 months on Count 2, terms to run concurrently.

Backing up to the sentence. Mr. McBee, you haven't said it yet but I anticipate it, and I heard it from Mr. Wahid, a request for a designation in central Arizona to facilitate visitation by his children and I will make that recommendation

United States District Court

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to the Bureau of Prisons.

MR. MCBEE: Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: While on supervised release, Mr. Wahid shall comply with mandatory and standard conditions of supervision that have been adopted by this Court in our General Order 17-18.

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Of particular importance, he must not commit another federal, state, or local offense during the term of supervision. And within 72 hours of release from the Bureau of Prisons, he must report in person to the Probation Office in whatever District he is released in. He must also comply with the following special conditions, of which there are five:

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One, he must participate as instructed by the probation officer in a program of substance abuse treatment, either outpatient or inpatient, which may include testing for substance abuse; number two, he must submit to substance abuse testing and not attempt to obstruct or tamper with testing methods; number three, he must not use or possess alcohol or alcoholic beverages; number four, he must not be involved with or knowingly communicate or associate with any person affiliated with a domestic or international terrorist group; and, finally, number five, he must cooperate in the collection of DNA as directed by the probation officer.

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Mr. Wahid, you have not waived your right to appeal my condition in this case so I must advise you if you wish to

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appeal, you have 14 days from the entry of judgment to file a Notice of Appeal with the clerk of the court.

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Mr. McBee do you have anything further on behalf of your client today?

MR. MCBEE: No, thank you, Your Honor.

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THE COURT: Thank you.

provided to the defendant after trial.

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Mr. Koehler or Ms. Brook, do you have anything further on behalf of the Government?

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MS. BROOK: Your Honor, I have a brief housekeeping matter that I just wanted to put on the record before we close the record today. And that is that over the last two months, Mr. McBee and I and Mr. Koehler have had a chance to communicate about three defense filings by Mr. Wahid, 268, 269 and 270, and we have had a chance to confirm that the requested items of discovery in those filings were, in fact, provided to the defendant before trial. The only item that wasn't was Kim Jensen's trial testimony that occurred during trial and was

THE COURT: All right. Thank you, Ms. Brook. have three other housekeeping matters as well.

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There are three filings that Mr. Wahid made at the period he was representing himself which, out of an abundance of caution, the Court will treat as motions which I think I've resolved already but expressly I'll do that now. Docket entry number 246 is denominated amended request for downward

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MR. MCBEE: May I have a moment, Your Honor?

United States District Court

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1	(Defendant confers with counsel.)	10:49:25
2	MR. MCBEE: My client doesn't even know where he	
3	currently is, Your Honor, so today there's no objection.	
4	THE COURT: With that, that will be added to the	
5	conditions. We'll have a no-contact provision.	10:49:36
6	Thank you. We are adjourned.	
7	MR. MCBEE: Thank you, Your Honor.	
8	MS. BROOK: Thank you, Your Honor.	
9	(Whereupon, these proceedings recessed at 10:49 a.m.)	
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CERTIFICATE

I, ELAINE M. CROPPER, do hereby certify that I am

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Arizona.

I FURTHER CERTIFY that the foregoing pages constitute

duly appointed and qualified to act as Official Court Reporter

for the United States District Court for the District of

a full, true, and accurate transcript of all of that portion of the proceedings contained herein, had in the above-entitled cause on the date specified therein, and that said transcript was prepared under my direction and control, and to the best of my ability.

DATED at Phoenix, Arizona, this 18th day of June, 2020.

s/Elaine M. Cropper

Elaine M. Cropper, RDR, CRR, CCP

United States District Court

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