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10	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT								
11	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA								
12	SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION								
13 14	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, Plaintiff,) CR 16-00166 RS)) UNITED STATES' SENTENCING REPLY							
15 16	v.)) Sentencing Hearing Date: December 13, 2016) Hearing Time: 2:30 p.m. 							
17 18	ISLAM SAID NATSHEH, Defendant.) Honorable Richard Seeborg))							
19 20	The United States submits this Sentencing Reply to defendant ISLAM SAID NATSHEH's								
21	Sentencing Memorandum (Natsheh Sent. Memo.) in which he urged the Court to sentence him to 48								
22		of supervised release. Defendant's requested sentence is							
23	dramatically at odds with the Sentencing Guidelines, with sentences imposed in similar cases								
24	nationwide, and also with 18 U.S.C. § 3553(a)'s requirements to impose a sufficient sentence to								
25	accomplish the purposes of the statute. For the reasons previously argued by the government and as discussed further below, the government submits that such a sentence would be substantially inadequate								
26		ne attached Declaration of FBI Special Agent John C. Illia							
27	7 (Illia Decl.) to rebut some of the evidence offered and factual assertions made by Natsheh								
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1 Sentencing Memorandum.

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2 Natsheh's arguments in support of his request for extreme leniency from this Court are summed
3 up on the last page of his Memorandum as follows:

1. Natsheh was young and his brain was not fully developed when he was recruited by ISIL;

- 2. Natsheh will have strong family support after his release;
- Natsheh must be low risk since he was not selected for any evaluation or counseling for radicalization;
- 4. Natsheh cooperated with law enforcement;
- 5. Natsheh's plan to join ISIL was impetuous and he did not prepare for combat;
- 6. Natsheh was suffering from an extended period of untreated depression.

11 Natsheh Sent. Memo. at 51.

12 Addressing Natsheh's arguments in order, there is nothing in the record to support his claim that 13 he was immature when recruited by ISIL. To the contrary, the letters of support indicate Natsheh was 14 quite mature for his age, helping care for friends' children and running a restaurant while a woman recovered from major surgery (Natsheh Sent. Memo. Attachment C); working harder and better than 15 other employees at a hotel gift shop (Id. at Attachment D); motivating and tutoring a friend from middle 16 school through college (Id. at Attachment E); teaching children at the mosque once a week for several 17 18 months (Id. at attachment G); and caring for his younger cousins (Id. at Attachment H). Indeed, 19 everybody who knew Natsheh agrees that he was a mature and supportive role model for others. There is nothing in the record to support his argument that he was subject to exploit to by ISIL strictly as a 20 21 result of his age. Natsheh is young, but he was 19 years old when he began supporting ISIL and was 20 22 at the time he attempted to travel. He led the life of an adult, and must now be held responsible as an 23 adult.

Natsheh's extended family and friends seem supportive of him. However, his mother and father,
were aware of his interest in ISIL as of early summer 2015 yet did not prevent him from purchasing
tickets and attempting to leave the country to join ISIL. *See* Illia Decl. at 2. Neither his family nor his
friends were able to help him. *See* Natsheh Sent. Memo. Exhibit C. There is no indication that, despite

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their best intentions, Natsheh's family and friends will be able to ensure that he does not seek to travel
 overseas for the purpose of joining a foreign terrorist organization in the future. While their support is
 commendable, this Court should not impose the responsibility on them to rehabilitate him.

The government disagrees with Natsheh's assertion that he is not in need of de-radicalization.
Natsheh Sent. Memo. at 48. That should be one of the rehabilitation goals of his sentence. But this goal
must be balanced with the need to protect society from any future acts of terrorism. The government has
no independent information relating to Natsheh's suffering of depression. If that is an accurate
diagnosis, the government submits that he should also receive mental health treatment during his
custodial and non-custodial sentences as well.

Natsheh was cooperative with law enforcement. He agreed to speak with law enforcement and
consented to the search of his phone. He was always forthcoming about his intentions – fighting with
ISIL. Natsheh has never told law enforcement that he renounced his support of ISIL since he was
stopped at the airport. *See* Illia Decl. at 6. At this point, it is irrelevant whether or not he was
cooperative. All that matters is that he has repeatedly asserted his desire to fight for ISIL.

15 Natsheh's plans were far from impetuous. At least as early as February 2015, Natsheh declared his bay'ah to the leader of ISIL. Illia Decl. at 4. Also in February 2015, Natsheh posted the video of the 16 17 Jordanian pilot being burned alive by ISIL. Id. at 3. When interviewed in August 2015, Natsheh did not 18 back off from his support of the posting of the video. PSR at ¶ 7. However, he claimed that he had 19 changed his views in the past few months, believing the best thing he could do for his "cause" was to get educated and spread awareness. *Id.* Yet, almost five months later, Natsheh was attempting to board a 20 21 plane to fight with ISIL. Natsheh had been communicating with his intended travel companion for a 22 couple of months regarding their trip to Syria. Natsheh opened a new credit line which he used solely to 23 purchase the plane tickets. He purchased the tickets two weeks before the intended departure, and he 24 purchased them round-trip in order to raise less suspicion. Illia Decl. at 5, PSR at ¶ 10. Natsheh withdrew all the money from his bank account, left his father and sister behind, abandoned his 25 belongings, and attempted to travel to Syria. See Illia Decl. at 5. But for being stopped at the airport, 26 Natsheh would have accomplished his goal. There is nothing impetuous about all these acts. 27

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Regardless of how outrageous his conduct seems, he acted deliberately over a period of months to 1 accomplish a goal of pledging his support to ISIL.

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Finally, in response to Natsheh's objections to two special conditions of supervised release, the government submits they are both necessary. First, Natsheh objects to special condition number six as 5 having no ties to the charged conduct. Natsheh Sent. Memo. at 50. Natsheh ignores the fact that he opened a line of credit for the sole purpose of purchasing two round-trip tickets to Turkey. Therefore, it 6 is important for his Probation Officer to monitor his finances to make sure that he does not use funds for 7 8 an unlawful purpose. Special Condition number 9 is equally important, although it could be worded 9 differently in order to address Natsheh's objection. As noted in the PSR, Natsheh posted a picture of the 10 ISIL flag on his twitter account. PSR at \P 8. Therefore, he has supported their insignia. The government suggests that the last sentence read as follows: "If he is found to be in the company of such 11 12 individuals or wearing clothing, colors, or insignia known to be or identified to him as being associated 13 with the above-noted terrorist groups, the court will presume that the association was for the purpose of 14 participating in unlawful activity."

15 There is no excuse for Natsheh's conduct. Whether a result of poor judgment or good 16 propaganda, Natsheh has repeatedly disregarded warnings about ISIL. The interview by the FBI in 17 August 2015 should have served as a warning and an opportunity to turn away from the ideology. Yet, 18 less than five months later, he committed to traveling with the goal of fighting for ISIL. For the reasons 19 set forth above, the government urges the Court to sentence the defendant to a term of imprisonment of 15 years, followed by a term of supervised release of 15 years. While this is a lengthy sentence, the 20 21 government submits that is not greater than necessary to accomplish the sentencing goals of this Court.

23 DATED: December 10, 2016

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Respectfully submitted,

BRIAN J. STRETCH United States Attorney

Elise Becker Assistant United States Attorney

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13	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,) CASE	E NO. CR 16-016	6 RS								
14	Plaintiff,) DECL) C. ILL		BI SPECIAL AGENT JOHN								
15	v.) (). ILL										
16	ISLAM SAID NATSHEH,)										
17	Defendant.)										
18		<u>)</u>										
19												
20	I, John C. Illia, declare:	J 1 D	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·									
21	1. I am a Special Agent with the Fed		-									
22	employed since 2003. I am the FBI Special Agent responsible for the investigation in the above-											
23	captioned matter. The evidence gathered through this investigation of the defendant includes the											
24	following.											
25	2. In May of 2015, the FBI interview	wed Natsł	heh's father. In J	uly of 2015, the FBI spoke								
26	with Natsheh's mother. We advised them at the time that their son was posting ISIL propaganda on his											
27	social media accounts.											
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The FBI has reviewed several social media accounts identified by Natsheh as belonging
 to him. During their review of those accounts, the FBI found that Natsheh posted images of the
 Jordanian pilot being burned alive by ISIL. Natsheh admitted that he posted this video in an interview
 in August of 2015. I also found a posting stating "our men prescribe to you PTSD," which I interpret as
 meaning Post Traumatic Stress Disorder associated with intense, combat-related stress. I also found a
 posted picture stating "Jihad If Not Now, Then When? Join The Islamic State." This is just a sampling
 of the propaganda posted by Natsheh in his social media accounts.

4. I have also reviewed an email account identified by Natsheh as belonging to him. In that
email account, I found a draft email date February 27, 2015, in which Natsheh stated "I declare my
bay'ah to the Khalifa of the Muslims, Abu Bakr al-Baghadi." A "bay'ah" is a pledge of loyalty in this
case to Abu Bakr al-Baghadi who is the leader of ISIL. Also, during a consent search of Natsheh's
phone, I found two religious verdicts, commonly referred to as fatwas which provided justification for
the killing of women and children, and rape.

5. During an interview on December 28, 2015, and after his arrest on December 29, 2015, 15 Natsheh admitted that he has attempted to travel to Syria to join ISIL to fight, not to participate in 16 humanitarian actions. He further admitted that he knew ISIL was a designated foreign terrorist 17 organization. In a written statement, Natsheh wrote "I intended to fight with Isis again Bashar al-Assad 18 with the mindset that I was going to help free oppression." During the interviews, Natsheh also 19 admitted that he had been utilizing encrypted applications for months in an effort to communicate with 20 ISIL affiliated individuals overseas. He had been communicating with a minor in the United States with 21 whom he intended to travel to Syria to fight with ISIL. He stated that upon his arrival in Istanbul, he 22 planned to take a bus to Adana, a town located near the Syrian border where he thought he could make 23 contact with an ISIL affiliated individual or group who could get him into Syria to join ISIL. In order to 24 arrange for his travel and the minor with whom he intended to travel, Natsheh had applied for and 25 received a credit card in his name on December 7, 2015. On December 17, 2015, Natsheh used the 26 credit card to purchase two round-trip tickets for travel on December 28, 2015. This was the only 27 purchase made on the credit card. On December 28, 2015, the day of his flight, Natsheh withdrew all the 28

money in his bank account, leaving it with a zero balance. Natsheh has never told law enforcement that
 he renounced the ideology of ISIL.

I declare, under penalty of perjury, that the foregoing is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.

Executed	on	Decem	ber	10.	2016.
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JOHN C. ILLIA Special Agent Federal Bureau of Investigation